Prontosan® Wound Spray

Use:
For cleansing, irrigation and moistening of a) superficial acute and superficial chronic wounds (e.g. skin lesions, bites, lacerations, abrasions, crush wounds). b) superficial burns.

For the cleansing of entry ports such as transurethral or suprapulical urological catheters, PEG-/PEJ-tubes and peristomal skin areas.

Instructions for use

Indication: For cleansing, irrigation and moistening of a) superficial acute and superficial chronic wounds (e.g. skin lesions, bites, lacerations, abrasions, crush wounds). b) superficial burns.

Characteristics:
- Supports fast healing by optimal wound cleansing and reduces scarring.
- Reduces odor.
- Prevents wound infection.
- Prevents biofilm formation.
- Prevents MDRO (e.g. MRSA, VRE, ESBL) contamination.
- Moistens wound dressings and dissolves encrusted bandages or wound dressings during dressing changes.
- Reduces pain.
- Painlessly applicable.
- Non-irritant and well-tolerated.
- No inhibition of granulation and epithelialisation.
- Evaluated as dermatologically unirritant.
- Good compatibility with catheter and probe materials.

Use:
Cleansing and Care of Wounds and Burns: Extensively spray Prontosan® Wound Spray onto the entire wound and the wound site. With this, the risk of infection is reduced and optimal healing conditions are generated. Afterwards, cover the wound with a dressing. Clotted or encrusted dressings can be moistened with Prontosan® Wound Spray in order to be easily removed and to avoid pain during removal.

Transurethral Catheters: Thoroughly moisten a sterile gauze and cleanse the catheter entry site.

PEG-/PEJ-Tubes and Suprapulical Catheters: For cleansing of entry port, use a sufficient amount of Prontosan® Wound Spray. For encrustations, leave on for at least 1 minute. Dry surrounding skin area by dabbing with a sterile gauze and apply a sterile cover afterwards.

Stoma Care: Thoroughly moisten a sufficient number of sterile compresses. Clean peristomal skin areas and dry afterwards. Subsequently, apply a new dressing. Prior to the use of Prontosan® Wound Spray, rinse off the residues of soaps, ointments and oils or other wound cleansing substances thoroughly.

Warnings / Contraindications:
- Only for external use on wounds.
- Do not use for infusion or injection. Do not swallow.
- In very rare cases there may be a mild burning sensation on the wound surface after application of Prontosan® Wound Spray, but this dissipates after a few minutes.
- Prontosan® products can cause allergic reactions such as itching (urticaria) and rashes (exanthem). In rare cases (less than 1 out of 10,000), anaphylactic shock has been reported.
- Prontosan® Wound Spray must not be used if the patient is known or suspected to suffer from allergies to any of the ingredients.
- Prontosan® Wound Spray may not be used on the CNS, the meninges, in the mid line or inner ear, on hyaline cartilage or in the eyes.
- Avoid inhalation of the Prontosan® Wound Spray aerosol.
- Do not use in combination with anionic surfactants as these may interact with polyhexanide.
- Due to insufficient clinical experience with pregnant and breast feeding women, newborns, and infants, Prontosan® Wound Spray should only be used after careful medical evaluation in these patients.
- Do not use damaged bottles. Bottles that have come into contact with the wound must be thrown away after use.
- A physician should be consulted if the wound does not begin to heal within several days, or if swelling, redness or pain develops at the wound site.
- Do not use continuously for longer than 30 days.

Storage information:
- Shelf life 24 months.
- Shelf life after opening 12 months.
- Storage at room temperature.
- Keep bottles out of direct sunlight.
- Medical device – Keep out of reach of children.

Composition / technical information:
Purified Water, Betaine surfactant, 0.1 % Polyaminopropyl Biguanide (Polyhexanide), Appearance and smell: clear colour- and virtually odourless aqueous solution.

Prontosan® Wound Spray

Instructions for use

Indication: For cleansing, irrigation and moistening of a) superficial acute and superficial chronic wounds (e.g. skin lesions, bites, lacerations, abrasions, crush wounds). b) superficial burns.

Characteristics:
- Supports fast healing by optimal wound cleansing and reduces scarring.
- Reduces odor.
- Prevents wound infection.
- Prevents biofilm formation.
- Prevents MDRO (e.g. MRSA, VRE, ESBL) contamination.
- Moistens wound dressings and dissolves encrusted bandages or wound dressings during dressing changes.
- Reduces pain.
- Painlessly applicable.
- Non-irritant and well-tolerated.
- No inhibition of granulation and epithelialisation.
- Evaluated as dermatologically unirritant.
- Good compatibility with catheter and probe materials.

Use:
Cleansing and Care of Wounds and Burns: Extensively spray Prontosan® Wound Spray onto the entire wound and the wound site. With this, the risk of infection is reduced and optimal healing conditions are generated. Afterwards, cover the wound with a dressing. Clotted or encrusted dressings can be moistened with Prontosan® Wound Spray in order to be easily removed and to avoid pain during removal.

Transurethral Catheters: Thoroughly moisten a sterile gauze and cleanse the catheter entry site.

PEG-/PEJ-Tubes and Suprapulical Catheters: For cleansing of entry port, use a sufficient amount of Prontosan® Wound Spray. For encrustations, leave on for at least 1 minute. Dry surrounding skin area by dabbing with a sterile gauze and apply a sterile cover afterwards.

Stoma Care: Thoroughly moisten a sufficient number of sterile compresses. Clean peristomal skin areas and dry afterwards. Subsequently, apply a new dressing. Prior to the use of Prontosan® Wound Spray, rinse off the residues of soaps, ointments and oils or other wound cleansing substances thoroughly.

Warnings / Contraindications:
- Only for external use on wounds.
- Do not use for infusion or injection. Do not swallow.
- In very rare cases there may be a mild burning sensation on the wound surface after application of Prontosan® Wound Spray, but this dissipates after a few minutes.
- Prontosan® products can cause allergic reactions such as itching (urticaria) and rashes (exanthem). In rare cases (less than 1 out of 10,000), anaphylactic shock has been reported.
- Prontosan® Wound Spray must not be used if the patient is known or suspected to suffer from allergies to any of the ingredients.
- Prontosan® Wound Spray may not be used on the CNS, the meninges, in the mid line or inner ear, on hyaline cartilage or in the eyes.
- Avoid inhalation of the Prontosan® Wound Spray aerosol.
- Do not use in combination with anionic surfactants as these may interact with polyhexanide.
- Due to insufficient clinical experience with pregnant and breast feeding women, newborns, and infants, Prontosan® Wound Spray should only be used after careful medical evaluation in these patients.
- Do not use damaged bottles. Bottles that have come into contact with the wound must be thrown away after use.
- A physician should be consulted if the wound does not begin to heal within several days, or if swelling, redness or pain develops at the wound site.
- Do not use continuously for longer than 30 days.

Storage information:
- Shelf life 24 months.
- Shelf life after opening 12 months.
- Storage at room temperature.
- Keep bottles out of direct sunlight.
- Medical device – Keep out of reach of children.

Composition / technical information:
Purified Water, Betaine surfactant, 0.1 % Polyaminopropyl Biguanide (Polyhexanide), Appearance and smell: clear colour- and virtually odourless aqueous solution.
FRONTOSAN

Instructions for Use

Lavage, Wound Care and Application of a Wound Dressing:

a) superficial acute and chronic wounds (such as skin infections, bed sores, burns, skin peeling, cuts). b) superficial ulcers.

- transurethral (for cleaning the entry of the body such as catheters and urological intra-vesical and the skin around the fistula (stoma).

PEG/PEJ
- suprapubic (supra-pubic) - transurethral (for cleaning the entry of the body such as catheters and urological intra-vesical and the skin around the fistula (stoma).

- helps to accelerate healing by optimal cleaning of the wound and reduces scar formation.

- reduces odor.

- prevents infection.

- prevents the formation of biofilm.

- MRSA, VRE, ESBL (such as MDRO)
- prevents contact with resistant pathogens and can be used to exclude resistant bacteria and foreign body granulation and epithelialization (epithelization).

- reduces pain.

- the use is not painful.

- it is not greasy and heals well.

- without delay in the process of granulation (granulation) and epithelialization (epithelization).

- is valued as a dermatological treatment.

- it is well tolerated.

- good adaptation with the components of the catheter.

Use:

Wound care and treatment of infections and ulcers:

- FRONTOSAN on the entire wound and the surrounding area. This reduces the risk of infection and establishes optimal healing conditions. Afterward, the wound should be covered with a bandage.

- FRONTOSAN to allow easy removal and to prevent pain during removal.

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- wash the area thoroughly with a sterile compress. If there are any obstructions, let sit for at least a minute. Then dry the skin around with sterile gauze and then apply sterile dressings.

Treating the fistula (stoma):

- thoroughly clean a sterile compress. Then clean the skin around the fistula (stoma) and then dry. Next, replace a new dressing. Before using FRONTOSAN, the wound site should be thoroughly cleaned with water, soap or other wound cleaning agents.

Precautions / Contraindications:

- Only external use on wounds. Do not use for cleaning or disposal. Do not swallow.

- In very rare cases, a slight sensation of itchiness may occur after using FRONTOSAN, but it passes after a few minutes.

- Urticaria - may cause allergic reactions such as urticaria (urticaria). It is reported that 1/1,000 people are affected. In rare cases (less than 30 days)

- Frontosan is not allowed for use if it is known or suspected that the patient is allergic to one of the components.

- Frontosan is not allowed for use on the central nervous system, cranial bone, ear, the inner ear, the auditory canal (auditory canal), as well as in the eye.

- Avoid contact with the person.

- Use only in combination with surfactants that are not compatible with polyhexanide (polyhexanide).

- Due to the lack of experience in women during pregnancy and women after childbirth and children, FRONTOSAN can only be used after careful medical evaluation of the patient.

- Do not use broken bottles. If the bottle has come into contact with the wound, throw it away after use.

- Consult a doctor if the wound does not begin to heal within a few days, or if swelling, redness or pain develops in the area of the wound.

- Do not use continuously for more than 30 days.

- Store information:

- Room temperature.

- Maintain away from direct sunlight.

- Medical device - Keep out of reach of children.

Polyaminopropyl Biguanide 0.1%, Purified Water, Betaine surfactant ((Polyhexanide, Polihexanide).